

Laundry (G. Stalfeld)...	250
Cash	1500.00
Balance	20,284.73
	\$27,120.73

Liabilities.	
By Capital 900 shares	\$40,000.00
Hongkong Bank	16,910.73
Accounts Payable	100.00
	\$57,120.73

WORKING ACCOUNT.	
To Balance	\$19,795.75
Interest	1,137.27
Office expenses	13.75
Stationery	2.25
Charges	67.30
Less Bonus from China Fire	347
	\$21,709.46

E. & O. E.
Hongkong, 13th April, 1892.

I have compared the above Statements with the Books, Vouchers and Securities of the Company and certify the same to be correct.

E. WHEATLEY,
Auditor.

THE NORTH CHINA INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

The following is the report for presentation to the sixteenth ordinary general meeting of shareholders to be held at the offices of the Company, Hanow Road, Shanghai, on Monday, the twenty-fifth day of April 1892, at 2.30 p.m. precisely.

The Directors beg to submit to the Shareholders the audited Balance Sheet and Accounts of the Company to 31st December last.

1890.—In accordance with the Resolution passed at the last Meeting of Shareholders, the Accounts of this year have now been closed, and it has unfortunately been found necessary to transfer the sum of Tael 100,000, from the Reserve Fund, to meet the loss upon the Working Account.

1891.—The Balance in hand upon this Account on 31st December was Tael 539,872.93, but payments to the amount of Tael 185,882.17, have since been made for Claims, and there are now known losses pending to the extent of Tael 464,319.93, besides considerable liabilities for unexpired risks.

The Directors regret that they do not feel justified in recommending payment of the full Share dividend, but it is proposed, subject to the approval of Shareholders, to make the following interim distribution:

Pal-up Capital at the rate of 5 per cent. upon the interest accumulated on the Reserve Fund 6s. 8d. per Share.

As usual, the Directors will all retire, but being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

AUDITORS.
Mr. Augustus White and Mr. Andrew Burman, whose terms of office have now expired, do retire, but again offer their services to the Shareholders. By Order of the Court of Directors.

ALEX. ROSS,
Secretary.

Shanghai, 12th April 1892.

LATE TELEGRAMS.

BOMBAY, March 28th.
Monsieur Grenier, the French traveller, recently told Mr. Macartney at Kashi that, when passing through Marghiana, a Russian officer told him they had long had an eye on Kanjut and intended taking the country this year. This, however, had been frustrated by Colonel Durand's prompt action. In all probability there will be conflict between Russians and Chinese this summer for possession of the Pamirs, as China has declared she will resist by force of arms any attempt to displace her authority over those parts.

LONDON, March 29th.
The English cricket team has won the final match against United Australia, by an innings and two hundred and thirty runs.

In the House of Commons last night the Hon. G. Goschen moved the second reading of the India Councils Bill. Mr. Schwanm then moved an amendment, demanding the elective principle, and, in the debate which followed, Mr. Gladstone said he deprecated blinding the Government of India by any positive expression of opinion based upon incomplete information. It was necessary, he said, to avoid the danger of being subservient to the interests of any particular class or classes in India, and whatever support the Government intended to give to the elective principle must be genuine support. He believed that both sides of the House were animated by the same objects. The Bill was then read a second time without the House dividing.

Mr. Schwanm withdrew his amendment to the India Councils Bill before the second reading took place.

The Times of to-day is gratified at the passage of the India Councils Bill, and considers the elective principle of India premature. The Government of India, the article adds, must remain an enlightened despotism, subject to the influence of English and Indian opinion.

Mr. Maclean has given notice that he will move in Committee an amendment to the India Councils Bill, that the Viceroy shall not adopt the elective principle without consent of Parliament.

PARIS, March 29th.
The Magistrate and chiefs of police here are receiving threatening letters daily, and their residences are guarded night and day.

The Chamber of Deputies passed without debate the Bill making dynamite offences punishable with death.

WASHINGTON, March 29th.
Mr. Bland has abandoned his Silver Bill in the present session, the Democratic advocates of the Bill feeling it in view of the impending Presidential election.

Mr. Stewart will move in the Senate on Wednesday next that his Bill for the coinage of gold and silver be rediscussed.

LONDON, March 30th.
The Times states that Prince Bismarck recently said to a visitor, that the Emperor Wilhelm as a reformer had dispensed all parties, inspired the prestige of the Hohenzollerns, and got into a state of mind justifying alarm.

The Pope has confirmed the nomination of Dr. Vaughan, Bishop of Belfast, as Archbishop

of Westminster in succession to the late Cardinal Manning.

In the House of Commons last night, Mr. Maclean gave notice that he would bring forward a motion for abolishing the Indian Officers' Bill. It is probable Sir Richard Temple will support the motion.

Large numbers of Jews, who have been expelled from Russia, are crowding into England, and a large influx of them is probable in the spring.

Several members in the House of Commons last night urged a law should be framed for stopping them.

Mr. Lowther, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, in reply, said the British Ambassador at St. Petersburg had instructed the British Consuls in Russia to warn the Jews that there is no room for them in England.

MADRAS, March 30th.
Dewan Bahadur Raghunatha Row, writing to the Madras Mail about Mr. Hume's circular letter, says that so far as he knows there is no millenarianism among the rural classes in the South of India to the dangerous extent alleged by Mr. Hume. Mr. Hume's writings as a special pleader for the Congress would do much harm. He was distressed that rich and poor communities did not help and that his country failed to fulfil their promises. The Radicals of England had disappointed him, and Mr. Hume is old. All these circumstances appear to have destroyed the balance of his mind and forced him to write the circular. It will not do harm to anybody beyond the circle of the staunchest Congress-wallahs.

Mr. Ernest Carnot, son of President Carnot, will shortly arrive at Pondicherry. The public of Pondicherry have purchased a silver bowl at a cost of two thousand rupees for presentation to President Carnot through his son.

Speaking at the distribution of prizes at the Christian College, Lord Wellesley made an address commending natives of education to take more seriously to the profession of agriculture. It seemed to him the profession of farmer was looked down upon, but this should not be. The present hard times must necessarily result in the curtailment of educational grants. He thought much remained to be done for education so that the lower classes should become fit for the position of good and respectable citizens. Higher education was progressing too rapidly in proportion to primary education. Agriculture offered a prospect of profitable employment to a large number of natives and he urged they should take more to it.

PARIS, MARCH 30th.
The arrest has been made here of M. Ravachol, the author of the late dynamite outrages in Paris. Forty foreign Anarchists have been expelled from Paris.

MARCH 31st.
The Senate have passed the Dynamitards' Bill.

The trial of the Wallall Anarchists has commenced at Stafford. The Attorney-General, in opening the case, said the prisoners were undoubtedly connected with other European Anarchist Societies. Among the papers found in the prisoners' possession were directions for blowing up the theatres.

Mr. Austin Chamberlain, son of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, has been elected unopposed for the Bromsgrove Division, East Worcestershire, in the room of Mr. G. W. Hastings.

APRIL 1st.
At the trial of Anarchists at Stafford Assizes yesterday, a confession from the prisoner Deskin was read, in which he implicates all the other prisoners and states that the bombs which have been found were intended for Russia.

Enormous exports of spirits are being made to India, in view of the increased duty which comes into force in May.

The revenue returns for the past year show an increase of two millions sterling, of which one million is derived from Excise.

NEW YORK, April 1st.
The Treasury to-day purchased 325,000 ounces of silver at 87.50 to 87.55.

BUEENOS AYRES, April 2nd.
A plot has been discovered here amongst the Radicals to murder Dr. Pellegrini, the President, and General Roca Witte. A state of siege has been proclaimed and the Radical leaders have been arrested. The police found a number of bombs in the Radical Club.

LONDON, April 2nd.
Owing to a dispute regarding wages the Master of the Federation will, from the 16th inst., close ninety-one per cent. of their cotton mills in Lancashire. This will affect seventeen million spindles, and represents a decreased weekly consumption of twenty-four thousand bales. The mills working Egyptian Cotton will not be affected.

In the House of Commons last night, Mr. Balfour, replying to a question, said that the influx of Russian Jews into England did not justify a Preventive Bill being passed. The Government, however, was carefully watching the matter.

MANDALAY, April 2nd.
Wednesday's fire destroyed from three to four hundred houses and the loss sustained is said to be over 10 lakhs. The instruments belonging to the Telegraph Office were saved to some extent and the office commenced work on Thursday under a tent pitched between South Moat and the Fort Wall, alongside the Railway line that passes into the fort. The cash box containing about Rs. 1,500 was saved at some risk to Mr. W. A. Ballard of the Department. No lives are reported to be lost in the fire. The fire spread so fast that measures to extinguish it proved futile, although water was close at hand, the wind was terrific. From near Mr. Swinhol's office, in China Quarter, to C. Road, several houses were not burnt down, but the fire-line of houses in C. Road including the National Bank beyond to Dyer's Brewery is a perfect waste. Thursday's second fire, in Eastern town was of a far more serious nature, as it is reported that the loss sustained is about a hundred lakhs. Besides houses, there were eleven Kyong Dalks, including two gilded San Kyong Dalks, one Hionan Kyong, and the famous King Pagan Salle, and Eng. Kan Kyong Dalks; these Kyong were occupied by learned poggies who held medals from King Mindon for their learning. The Hionan Kyong alone cost King Mindon sixteen lakhs of rupees eleven years ago. There were also two other small fires, one at the Thaye bazaar, on the North side of the Palace on Thursday, the same time as the second fire, and the other near Shidaw guard last night, but only one house was destroyed. At 11.30 p.m., another fire has started on the other side of the Zegge bazaar, and the whole of the night has been spent in extinguishing it. Particulars of this not to hand.

LONDON, April 3rd.
Mr. Justice Willes, of Calcutta, is appointed Legal Adviser to the Government of India in succession to Mr. Ponniger.

Advices from the West Coast of Africa state the Dahomeyans are despoiling villages in the French settlement Porto Novo. French troops and war vessels are being despatched to the scene of disturbance.

NEW ORLEANS, April 3rd.
Five Cotton Presses containing eighty thousand bales of cotton were destroyed here by fire. The loss is estimated at four million dollars.

M. Ravachol, the Anarchist, recently arrested, has confessed to being guilty of the explosion that lately occurred in Paris. His confession incriminates many others, meanwhile three fresh dynamite robberies have taken place.

CALCUTTA, April 3rd.
The new Hongkong regiment raised by Major Barrow at Jhelum will leave Bombay on the 15th inst.

The Secretary of State has sanctioned the construction of the Palamoor-Dacca line as a famine relief work as soon as necessary.

At the request of the Native Press Association the Government of Bengal has nominated Mr. Risley to supply the Press generally with official information of interest to the Public.

Mr. Justice Trevelyan goes on leave shortly. Mr. S. G. Gale is named as his probable successor.

ALEXANDRIA, April 4th.
Eyyoub Pacha, the bearer of the Firman from the Sultan to Egypt, has arrived here.

The British Mediterranean Squadron has returned to Alexandria to pay honour to his Highness, Prince Abbas.

The British Government have decided to send an expedition of three thousand native levies to capture Tambo where the force under Captain Robinson was lately defeated. Seven officers specially selected have left England to take charge of the force.

BUEENOS AYRES, April 4th.
The Argentine Government have announced that in the plot which has just been discovered it had been arranged to blow up with dynamite all the principal offices and officials and leading citizens in the Capital and Provinces.

MADRID, April 4th.
A Franco-Portuguese Anarchist has been arrested to-day while entering the Chamber of Deputies with two metal bombs in his possession. On being further searched papers were found on him which show the existence of a conspiracy to blow up the Chamber, the Senate, and the Royal Palace.

BARCELONA, April 5th.
Fourteen French Anarchists have been arrested here.

LONDON, March 5th.
The Anarchists' trial, which concluded at Stafford yesterday, has resulted in three of the prisoners being sentenced to ten years' penal servitude, while the prisoner Deakin gets five years. Two of the prisoners have been acquitted.

ST. PETERSBURG, April 5th.
A tremendous explosion has taken place here of five tons of gunpowder at the Government factory of smokeless powder. The shock was terrific and the buildings were shattered to atoms, nine of the employed being killed on the spot. The glass of the windows of houses at a distance of two versts were smashed by the concussion.

CALCUTTA, 5th April.
The Lushais on the Cachar frontier have aided and attacked the Booroacherrah estate, killing thirty-eight coolies and wounding eight more who escaped to Kookkhar; they also carried away several prisoners. Troops from Silchar have been wired for and despatched by forced marches. The manager and his family escaped.

THE DANGER IN PAHANG.
THE "RATIL" NOT TO GO.
THIRTY SIKHS LEAVE.

On the 8th inst. a telegraphic message was received in Singapore from H. E. the Governor of Penang that the aid to be despatched to Penang to guard that place in case of a raid by the Penglims, Mada Jempoh, as was threatened by him and feared by the officers in charge there, Mr. Bedford, was to consist of thirty Sikhs, who left next morning under Inspector Howard in the *Sri Tringam*. This, it is understood, is the reinforcement which Mr. Bedford asked for to enable him to hold Pekan for the Government.

Singapore was in a state of considerable excitement when the news of the state of affairs in Pahang was spread abroad. It was freely said that in the critical situation, waiting water hours for the Governor's message was too much, and that the *Ratil* ought to have been sent in haste. It was distinctly unfortunate that so long a time should have had to elapse before anything was done, in consequence of the Governor's absence from the Settlement. As a matter of fact, if the *Sri Tringam* did her best she would not reach the Kuala till eight o'clock on the morning of the 10th. If the expected raid on the 6th actually took place, and the residents were shut up in the Gales, the would mean four days for them. It is very unlikely, however, that the Penglims' men would be able to get down from Sangel Dori (assuming his main body to have been engaged or nearly by, at the time of the murder of Stewart and Harris) and defeat Pekan by the 6th. Even if he did, there is no reason to doubt that the 23 Sikhs and the ten or twelve Europeans, under Superintendent Duff, an old militia officer, could hold the place for as long as four days or more, if they have provisions, and we understand a large consignment of rice went up not many days ago. The shops of course are all shut and the natives are leaving the place in numbers, by boats and any vessel they can catch.

The posse of 30 Sikhs to be sent up to Pahang to the scene of the latest disturbances left on the 6th about one o'clock by the *Sri Tringam*, taking with them rifles, ammunition, &c.

The Pahang Expedition Company will launch *Lady Wild* in charge of Mr. F. W. Jones was to have left on the same day with despatches from the Colonial Secretary, but it was found during the morning that the Malay engineers on board had decamped, leaving a month's wages behind them, possibly through fear of the would-be Pekan belligerents. It was also found that the fusible plug of the boiler had been destroyed, and this would seem to show that they were fully determined to delay the launch, which they have succeeded so far in doing.—*Singapore Free Press*.

NOTES FROM CHINESE PAPERS.
A Cantonese was arrested by the police the other day for printing lottery tickets in his job-printing establishment in Kiangse Road. The printer is said to have committed similar offences before.

The Directors of the Canton Electric Light Company—contemplate—extending their lines throughout the city. At present 4, 1/2 of streets are lit by electric light and some of the native stores are commencing to have electric lights put into their shops.

After a brief stay at Shanghai the Northern Squadron, with Admiral Ting at its head, will proceed to Foochow and Amoy, and thence to Japan. The fleet is now taking in supplies at Shanghai and is making preparations in view of the long cruise before it.

A man named King Loo-won, supposed to be a chief of the *Kolao* tribe, was detained at a shop

time ago at On-king and his head was exposed to a prominent place for three days. It was afterwards sent to Wuhu to be similarly exhibited, and is to be shown at other places.

Kidnappers have of late been stealing country lads and lasses near Peking. At the end of last month two children, a boy and a girl of twelve years, narrowly escaped being carried away by the cruel wretches; but fortunately some soldiers who happened to meet the party rescued the defenceless children.

In view of the near approach of the triennial inspection, Kiangsu military men are busy making preparations. The troops in the Yangchow district had a grand drill the other day in the presence of the Grain Commissioner. Thousands of people went to see the braves going through the various evolutions.

The effect of the continued drought in Tientsin and in the surrounding district upon the crops is becoming more and more marked. Serious apprehensions are entertained by the farmers regarding the autumn crop. The shoots from the seed in the ground are withering and there is still no sign of rain to revive them.

The head of the *Kolao* Hui leader Kin Lan, who was executed at Nanking, the capital city of Anhui, was sent to Wuhu on the 1st inst. and is being exposed at that port in order to strike fear and terror into the hearts of the lawless element. The next place where this ghastly object will make its appearance is to be Nanking.

Two suspicious characters with some children were seen on board a steamer, plying between Hongkong and Canton by some soldiers, whose business was to watch suspected kidnappers. Upon the soldiers inquiring into their business, one of the men, fearing capture, immediately jumped into the water and escaped, but his companion who was not so alert was captured, and brought before the authorities, from whom he may expect the recompense of sin.

The Governor of Kiangsi has deputed another detachment of able officers to track out the *Kolao* Hui people. These deputies are to work in conjunction with those already sent out by the different authorities in the Yangtze valley. The work of capturing these thieves on the river steamers is also included in the programme of the body of officials, and travellers are rejoicing at the news that the authorities are taking measures to rid the steamers of this pest.

At the restoration of peace after the Taping rebellion a fortress was erected in the Hukou Hien, as the place was considered the key to the entire province of Kiangsi. Ever since it was put up this fortress has been regarded not only as an additional safeguard to the city but also as an ornament to the town. One day last month a fire was discovered within the fortifications, and it was afterwards ascertained that this was the work of incendiaries. Four soldiers who were a watchman who are suspected, together with several members of the secret societies, have been arrested and are undergoing trial.

Repeated encounters between the rebels and the Imperial troops have taken place at Tientsin, and the vicinity, with the result that the rebel forces have been much reduced. Some leaders of the rebels have been taken prisoner, and many others were killed in the engagements. Volunteers have been co-operating with the troops. In one of the last encounters the soldiers took two red flags on one of which were written four characters, signifying "With the support of the gods," and on the other "Impelled by necessity." The rebels will not hold their ground much longer, and are expected to soon yield.

It is rumoured at Nanking that the genuine Li Hing has been arrested at a place called Substitution. The prisoner has been given under the name of Li Hui, but it is believed that he is no other than the formidable leader of the *Kolao* Hui for whom the authorities have been searching so long. This man is said to be endowed with prodigious strength sufficient to enable him to cope with 100 ordinary persons. His capture was effected by a soldier who took him unawares and dealt him a blow on the leg which broke his shin bone, thus rendering him unable to do any further mischief. A telegram from Hui-chow states that the Grain Commissioner will conduct the preliminary trials of this man.

The extensive fire which occurred in the suburb of Nanking was briefly reported in our paper yesterday. Further particulars have now reached us from our correspondent at Yangchow. He writes that the place in question is 20 miles distant from Yangchow and was originally a small and insignificant town, the bank of the Yangtze. Since the general salt godown of that district was moved to Nanking, the town began to grow and it had become a sort of importance. The chief traffic was in salt and it is said that mountains of that article are stored there. The recent fire was due to some people, who were cooling their noonday meal, carelessly allowing some sparks from the fire to fall upon a pile of reeds. A thousand more than 100 houses were consumed, having for their covering the canopy of heaven and feeding upon the breeze. It is to be hoped that the authorities will provide them with the necessities of life in their hour of need. The number of persons burnt to death has not yet been ascertained.

TIENTSIN, 4th April, 1892.
The spring has been peculiar in almost every respect. The "oldest inhabitant" cannot remember when the cold has held on so late, or been so severe. The greater part of March was more like December or January than the calendar month it really is. More snow fell than during the entire winter besides at this place. There has also been a great deal of wind and much dust. Thus far it has been local, but thick enough to almost obscure the sun much of the time, and it is to be expected that we will be visited by regular dust storms this year, as clouds of dust coming from a distance and darkening the whole sky.

The farmers say that there has been so little snow during the winter, and the ground is so dry that no planting can be done till rain comes. The streams are low, but business is opening fairly well. All is quiet. We hear nothing more in regard to the rising against the Great Wall.

There is pleasant occasion for referring once more to the banquet given by the *Wing* in Golden Hall. A brief description was given in a former issue of the decorations, which came from the yards of Li Hing-chang. These have all been presented to the British Municipality, and will be kept for further decorative purposes as occasion may require. This is a very great

able acquisition, not merely as regards their cash value, about Tls. 6,000, but as an expression of good will and friendly feeling on the part of his Excellency.

The last two days the weather has been milder, and there is some reason to believe that a change for the better has commenced.

April 7th.
We always take one consolation from a bleak and windy spring; viz. that it is very healthy; as the soil unfreezes malaria no doubt comes off, but the winds scatter it or oxidise it into harmless elements; our climate is generally small when the Feast of All Fools is in wind.

The river has not yet decided whether to carry or miscarry; its tidal effects are mostly the result of local gales; a nor-wester or wester blows all the water out, a south-easter brings it back; the general belief is that the channel has been well scoured out and that it will be a good year; just now the Pelho is crum full of rice-junks and the fair-way is a very narrow lane of water. The language heard from the bridges of steamers and tow-boats is decidedly strong and sounds like a lay commination service.

The amount of goods dumped down on our bunds seems to get bigger every year; this year the mat-covered stacks extend far up into the French Bund, and far below the codcession. Messrs. R. H. Brown and Co. have taken up the agency for the *Fai* steamers, which now discharge at the French jetty. As many as twenty-five steamers were counted at one time at Taku this year and it will be very interesting to see if the occasional Customs report bears out the seemingly large increase of the business of the port.

Tientsin is to lose the popular German Consul, Baron von Seckendorff; this gentleman is going home for six months on well-deserved leave of absence; our whole community wishes him a speedy return with health quite restored from the ravages of a severe malarial fever.

This week witnessed the last appearance of the old French syndicate, and this, too, in the auction mart. This powerful Gallic combination, after a really game struggle for six years came to an end, and gives up the hopeless struggle of exploiting North China in the interest of French capitalism. That they have failed is due entirely to circumstances beyond their control; for they have had an able staff and have displayed consistent pluck, perseverance and 'go' in all their ventures.

The rival German syndicate perhaps showed greater wisdom in clearing out five years ago, and the American still more in not coming at all. It is now pretty clear even to the dullest understanding that the Chinese mean to keep the exploitation of the country in their own hands, and that foreigners will have little show in the forthcoming development of mines and railways. The sooner Western capital recognises this fact the better. Clauses in treaties implying special favour to special people are too thin an obstacle to the people who know how to buy and sell as well as the best law in France, and how to avoid an unpleasant treaty clause as well as a MM. Talleyrand, de Giers et Cie. It is unfortunate that some of the staff of the late syndicate are now enlisted under a new combination which has no formal connection with the other. The new venture starts on a much more modest basis than the old one.

Tientsin at last rejoices in an efficient distributing post office. Strange to say we have long possessed all the other accessories of a civilised community, good shops, churches, a theatre, a barber, broker and Scotchman, but our letters were left to the tender mercies of Messrs. Laister, Faure & Co.—alias the minor officials of the British Consulate. A chess-playing F. O. or P. O. official withdrew the fee once given to the constable for attending to the mails, and so it became nobody's business to see to them. Recently the local Chamber of Commerce came to the rescue, and the course which should have been adopted years ago was followed, handing over the incoming mails to the care of the well-organised Customs post office. This bureau charges a small fee and distributes the letters promptly. The local happy who used to prowl around the shipping offices and claw any unappropriated letters has a very small show in these days. We are wondering what the poor fellow will do for a living now that he has lost most of his opportunities for grabbing into other people's pockets. In this connection it would be just as well if Shanghai and other correspondents learned to use the Customs or Consulate Post Offices exclusively instead of the steamer letter boxes; there is far less risk of a letter reaching the wrong person. The steamer companies have treated us generously for many years and every one is grateful to them. Happily now there are other facilities, and except one wishes to mail after office hours, there is little need to presume too much on their long continued kindness.—*N. C. Daily News Correspondent*.

DEARNESS ABSOLUTELY CURED.—A Gentleman who cured himself of Deanness and Nolsen in the Head of 14 years standing, by a new method, will be pleased to send full particulars free. Address HERBERT CLYTON, 8, Shepherd's Place, Kennington Park, London, S.E., Eng.—*Advt.*

HOW TO GAIN FLESH AND STRENGTH.—Take after each meal about a tablespoonful of Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. It is almost as palatable as milk and easily digested. The rapidity with which it cures children and sickly people, suffering from thinness and wasting disease, improves and thrives upon this diet is truly marvellous. As a remedy for Consumption and *Tubercular Affections* and *Brucella* it is unequalled by any other preparation in the world. Any Chemist can supply it. A. S. Watson & Co. (Limited), agents in Hongkong and China.—*Advt.*

HONGKONG TEMPERATURE.

(From Messrs. Geo. Yates & Co.'s Register.)
Today.

Time	Therm.	Wind	Bar.
11 a.m.	79.0	SE	30.0
1 p.m.	80.0	SE	30.0
3 p.m.	81.0	SE	30.0
5 p.m.	82.0	SE	30.0
7 p.m.	81.0	SE	30.0
9 p.m.	80.0	SE	30.0
11 p.m.	79.0	SE	30.0
Mean	80.0	SE	30.0

CHINA COAST METEOROLOGICAL REGISTER.

19th April, 1892.—At 4 p.m.

Station	Therm.	Wind	Bar.
Whampoa	79.0	SE	30.0
Taiwan	78.0	SE	30.0
Shanghai	77.0	SE	30.0
Amoy	76.0	SE	30.0
Swatow	75.0	SE	30.0
Hankow	74.0	SE	30.0
Yokohama	73.0	SE	30.0
Manila	72.0	SE	30.0
Cebu	71.0	SE	30.0
Colon	70.0	SE	30.0
San Francisco	69.0	SE	30.0
London	68.0	SE	30.0

Co-day's Advertisements.

HARMSTON & SON'S GRAND CIRCUS.

GYMNASIA JACK.

REAL ROMAN HIPPODROME.

GENUINE WILD WEST SHOW.

TO-NIGHT, TUESDAY, April 19th.

MORE CHANGES.

FIRST TIME OF THE BRONCHO HORSES IN THE MILITARY DRILL.

FIRST TIME OF GILBARTO'S DOUBLE SOMERSAULTS.

LE BLONDE'S FOUR HORSE COURIER.

Signor

Today's
Advertisements.

DOUGLAS STEAM-SHIP COMPANY,
LIMITED.
FOR SWATOW, AMOY, AND FOCHOW.
THE Company's Steamship

"NAMO." Captain Giddard, will be despatched for the above Ports, on THURSDAY, the 21st instant, at Noon.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DOUGLAS LARRAIK & Co.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [437]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.
FOR SINGAPORE, HAVRE, LONDON,
HAMBURG AND ANTWERP.
THE Steamship

"DENBIGHSHIRE." Captain Vyvan, will be despatched at above on or about THURSDAY, the 21st inst.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [432]

FOR NEW YORK, VIA SUEZ CANAL.
THE Steamship

"MORAY." Couche, Commander, will be despatched for the above Port, on or about MONDAY, the 25th inst.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [453]

"SHIRE" LINE OF STEAMERS.
FOR NAGASAKI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA,
via INLAND SEA.

"FLINTSHIRE." Captain Dwyer, will be despatched as above on or about TUESDAY, the 26th instant.
For Freight or Passage, apply to
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.
Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [436]



NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that all RATES will in future be required to be paid punctually in advance, and that no refunds will be granted unless the rates shall have been so paid.

F. H. MAY,
Acting Treasurer.

Treasury,
Hongkong, 8th April, 1892. [441]

TO LET,
POSSESSION FROM 1ST MAY.

"HILLSIDE" at the PEAK, now in the occupation of G. STUART, Esq., No. 12, CAINE ROAD, 8-Roomed House, now in the occupation of F. W. WATTS, Esq., WEST END TERRACE, 4-Roomed House (Bonham Road). Rent moderate.
Apply to
SPANISH PROCURATION.
Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [440]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions to Sell by Public Auction,
ON
SATURDAY,
the 30th April, 1892, at 2.30 P.M.,
on the Premises
at Bowring Foundry, East Point,
THE FOLLOWING

MACHINERY, STORES,
&c., &c., &c.
Comprising—

Steam Pumps, Donkey Pumps, Brass Deck Pumps, Iron and Copper Piping, a pair Best Davis, 3 Anchors, 1 Tyside Patent Anchor, 12" and 14" Cable Chain (suitable for Mooring), 1" Stud Chain of Special Quality, Complete Set Tools and Dies, Steel Plates, Boiler and Stay Tubes, 24 by 5" of long; one lot Rifles, Swords, Axes, Patent Compressors, &c., &c.

1 Patent Powerful Steam Capstan Windlass, the Engine and Windlass are connected to one Plate; 2 Walker's Patent Feed Heaters, Spars, &c., &c.
All errors of description at Purchasers' risk on fall of hammer.
Catalogues will be issued.
TERMS—Cash before delivery.

GORDON & Co.,
Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [442]

PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned have received instructions from A. R. TRAVERS, Esq., to Sell by Public Auction,
ON
MONDAY,
the 25th April, 1892, at 2.30 P.M.,
at his Residence, No. 4, MORRISON HILL,
THE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE,
&c., &c., &c.

Comprising—
CRETONE COVERED SOFA and EASY CHAIRS.
English-made WALNUT CHAIRS, CANE SOFAS and CHAIRS with Cushions, CENTRE TABLE, CHIMNEY GLASSES, MIRROR BRACKETS and ORNAMENTS.
CARPETS and HEAVY RUGS.
DUPLEX TABLE and BRACKET LAMPS.
TEAK-EXTENSION DINING TABLE.
SIDEBOARD, WHATNOT, VIENNA CHAIRS, DINNER, DESSERT, and BREAKFAST SERVICES; GLASS and PLATED WARE.

DOUBLE IRON BEDSTADS, DOUBLE and SINGLE WARDROBES, CHEST of DRAWERS, GLASS BOOKCASE, TOILET TABLE with GLASS, and MARBLE-TOP WARDROBE, CREEVAL GLASS, and LEATHER COVERED EASY CHAIRS.
A COTTAGE PIANO by Whiteley, London.
One JINRIKSHA.
CHILDREN'S CARTS and ROCKING HORSES.
SUNDRY PLANTS in Pots,
&c., &c., &c.
Catalogues will be issued.
TERMS OF SALE—As customary.

J. M. ARMSTRONG,
Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [443]

Today's
Advertisements.

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.
NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship "OCEANIC."
The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby requested to send in their Bills of Lading for Counter-signature, and to take immediate delivery of their Goods from along-side.
Cargo impeding the discharge of the Vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

J. S. VAN BUREN,
Agent.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [4]

"MOGUL" LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

S. S. "MOGUL."

FROM GLASGOW, LIVERPOOL, AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES OF Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.
Optional cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 2 P.M. TO-DAY.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 23rd inst. will be subject to rent.
All claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 23rd inst., or they will not be recognised.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 23rd inst., at 3 P.M.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by
DODWELL, CARLILL & Co.,
Agents.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [417]

SPECIAL NOTICE.

THE "HONGKONG TELEGRAPH" will be on sale at the Hongkong and Victoria Hotels, opposite the Hongkong Club, and at Pedder's Wharf, EVERY EVENING from 5.30 to 7.30 o'clock.

PRICE ... TEN CENTS.

Copies ordered from the Office will be charged the usual rate—25 cents.

Advertisers are reminded that the Hongkong Telegraph has by far the largest circulation of any English newspaper published in the Far East. THIS IS GUARANTEED. Terms on application.

Hongkong, 14th October, 1891.

Intimations.

PIANOS, ORGANS, MUSIC, INSTRUMENTS AND FITTINGS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.

MOUTRIE, ROBINSON & Co.

HAVE now a tremendous Stock and can supply Customers with anything required.

The largest Stock in the East. We buy largely and can sell CHEAPER than any other dealers. Make enquiries before trying elsewhere.

MOUTRIE, ROBINSON & Co.

(or at Shanghai, Kobe and Yokohama).

HONGKONG,

(The MIKE COAL MINING COMPANY.)

THE MIKE COAL is a BITUMINOUS COAL of dark reddish colour. For steam purposes it has been pronounced to be the best and the most economical of all the Japanese Coals. Its export is increasing yearly, and the opinions expressed by several of the largest regular consumers are in testimony of the excellent qualities of this coal.

Attention is called to the following advantages to Ship's Owners and Captains, who coal their bunkers direct from the Undersigned—

FRESHNESS of the coal.

UNIFORMITY of quality.

FREEDOM from impurities.

Supply in any quantity on shortest notice, quick despatch.

BEST of weight, etc., etc.

MITSU BUSSAN KAISHA,
Sole Agents.

Hongkong, 4th April, 1891. [1192]

10 Ten Pounds

IN

Two Weeks

Think of it!

As a Flesh Producer there can be no question but that

SCOTT'S

EMULSION

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil & Hypophosphites

Of Lime and Soda

Is without a rival. Many have gained a pound a day by the use of it. It cures

CONSUMPTION,

SORFOLIA, BRONCHITIS, COUGHS & COLDS, & ALL FORMS OF WASTING DISEASES.

As a potent and safe medicine, it is the most effective and reliable of all.

It is the best and most reliable of all.

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Intimations.

THE FINEST HOTEL IN THE EAST.
(Under the distinguished patronage of the Imperial Household.)

THIS fine hotel is situated within five minutes' drive of the terminus of the Yokohama-Tokyo Railway and is in near proximity to the Imperial Palace, the Parliament House and the Chief Public Offices.

There are no inside rooms, thus securing well lighted, ventilated and cheerful accommodations. The Cuisine cannot be surpassed, and the aim of the management is to provide for the comfort and pleasure of the guests. The attractions of Tokyo are countless, and the religious and social festivals being of daily occurrence are to be seen at their best and on a grander scale than in any other portion of Japan. All the noted actors, wrestlers, and jugglers make the capital their headquarters.

RATES, \$3.20 to \$4.50 PER DAY.

C. S. ARTHUR,
Manager.

Mails.

OCCIDENTAL AND ORIENTAL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

TAKING CARGO AND PASSENGERS TO JAPAN, THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, CENTRAL AND SOUTH AMERICA, AND EUROPE.

THE OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND ATLANTIC AND OTHER CONNECTING STEAMERS.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG.

Oceanic Thursday, 28th April.

Galle Saturday, 21st May.

Belge Tuesday, 14th June.

THE Steamship "OCEANIC" will be despatched for San Francisco via Yokohama, on THURSDAY, the 28th April, at 1 P.M. Connection being made at Yokohama with Steamers from Shanghai and Japan Ports.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Hongkong, First-class.

To San Francisco, Vancouver, Victoria, Esquimaux, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, O., &c. \$225.00

To Liverpool and London \$25.00

To Paris and Bremen \$45.00

To Havre and Hamburg \$35.00

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of steamers.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO OVERLAND CITIES. FIRST CLASS.

DESTINATION.

Kansas City, Mo., Omaha, Neb. 285.00

St. Louis, Mo. 291.50

St. Paul, Minn., Minneapolis, Minn. 292.50

Chicago, Ill. 295.00

Milwaukee, Wis. 295.00

Cincinnati, Ohio 302.50

Columbus, Ohio 304.25

Cleveland, Ohio 304.25

Detroit, Mich. 304.25

Toronto, Canada 309.00

Pittsburg, Penn. 310.25

Niagara Falls, N.Y., Buffalo, N.Y. 311.00

Washington, D.C., Baltimore, Md. 317.75

Montreal, Canada 319.75

Philadelphia, Penn. 319.75

New York 319.75

Boston, Mass. 321.15

Portland, Maine 327.25

All the above Rates are in Mexican Dollars.

Special rates (first class only) are granted to Missionaries, members of the Naval, Military, Diplomatic and Civil Service, to European Officers in service of China and Japan, and to Government officials and their families.

Passengers by this line have the option of proceeding Overland by the Southern Pacific and Connecting Lines, Central Pacific, Northern Pacific or Canadian Pacific Railways.

Return Tickets—First Class—Prepaid return tickets to San Francisco will be issued at following rates—

4 months \$337.50

12 months \$393.75

Time is reckoned from date of issue to date of re-embarkation at San Francisco.

Passengers, who have paid full fare, re-embarkation at San Francisco for China or Japan (or vice versa) within one year will be allowed a discount of 10 per cent. from Return Fare.

This allowance does not apply to through fares from China and Japan to Europe.

Through Bills of Lading issued for transportation to Yokohama and other Japan Ports, to San Francisco, to Atlantic and inland cities of the United States, via Overland Railways, to Havana, Trinidad, and Demerara, and to ports in Mexico, Central and South America, by the Company's and connecting Steamers.

Freight will be received on board until 4 P.M. the day previous to sailing. Parcel Packages will be received at the Office until 5 P.M. same day; all Parcel Packages should be marked to address in full; value of same is required.

Consular invoices to accompany Cargo destined to Ports beyond San Francisco, in the United States, should be sent to the Company's Office, addressed to the Collector of Customs, San Francisco.

For further information as to Passage and Freight, apply to the Agency of the Company, No. 72, Queen's Road Central.

J. S. VAN BUREN, Agent.

Hongkong, 7th April, 1892. [4]

NOTICE.

JAY'S SANITARY COMPOUNDS COMPANY, LIMITED.

JAY'S WOOD PRESERVER OR ANTISEPTIC PAINT.

THE Undersigned have this day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for the sale of these PERFECT DISINFECTANTS, and are prepared to supply quantities to suit architects, at Wholesale Prices. Extra Special rates for Shipping and large Orders.

See ROBERT RAWLINSON, C.B., C.E., Chief Sanitary Engineer, Local Government Board, London, says

"It is the best Disinfectant in use."

W. G. HUMPHREYS & Co., Bank Buildings.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1892. [19]

Mails.

U. S. MAIL LINE.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY THROUGH TO NEW YORK, OVERLAND RAILWAYS, AND TOUCHING AT YOKOHAMA, AND SAN FRANCISCO.

PROPOSED SAILING FROM HONGKONG.

City of Rio de Janeiro Tuesday, 10th May.

China Thursday, 2nd June.

City of Peking Saturday, 25th June.

THE U. S. Mail Steamship "CITY OF RIO DE JANEIRO" will be despatched for SAN FRANCISCO, via YOKOHAMA, on TUESDAY, the 10th May, at 1 P.M., taking Passengers and Freight for Japan, the United States, and Europe.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

From Hongkong, First-class.

To San Francisco, Vancouver, Victoria, Esquimaux, Port Townsend, Seattle, Tacoma, Portland, O., &c. \$225.00

To Liverpool and London \$25.00

To Paris and Bremen \$45.00

To Havre and Hamburg \$35.00

Through Passage Tickets granted to England, France, and Germany by all trans-Atlantic lines of steamers.

RATES OF PASSAGE TO OVERLAND CITIES. FIRST CLASS.

DESTINATION.

Kansas City, Mo., Omaha, Neb. 285.00

St. Louis, Mo. 291.50

St. Paul, Minn., Minneapolis, Minn. 292.50

Chicago, Ill. 295.00

Milwaukee, Wis. 295.00

Cincinnati, Ohio 302.50

Columbus, Ohio 304.25

Cleveland, Ohio 304.25

Detroit, Mich. 304.25

Toronto, Canada 309.00

Pittsburg, Penn. 310.25

Niagara Falls, N.Y., Buffalo, N.Y. 311.00

Washington, D.C., Baltimore, Md. 317.75

Montreal, Canada 319.75

Philadelphia, Penn. 319.75

New York 319.75

Boston, Mass. 321.15

Portland, Maine 327.25

All the above Rates are in Mexican Dollars.

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J. S. VAN BUREN, Agent.

Hongkong, 19th April, 1892. [4]

G. FALCONER & CO.

WATCH and CHRONOMETER MANUFACTURERS and JEWELLERS.